

Key information

1. The Roman army was well-organised and well-trained. Their 'modern' technology, such as catapults, helped establish the Roman Empire.
2. Some Celtic tribes, rebelled against the Roman Rule including Iceni in East Anglia.
3. Before the Romans invaded Britain, the Celts lived in small settlements. The Romans introduced cities such as Canterbury and Leicester.
4. Roman technology transformed Britain including public baths, underfloor heating and sewers.
5. Cities were joined by well-built roads, many of which we use today.
6. Latin, the language of the Romans, forms the root of many of our words.
7. The Romans also introduced Christianity to Britain, in the second century AD.

Key vocabulary

Emperor	The leader of an empire
Artillery	Weapons such as bows and arrows and catapults
Celts	People living in Britain and other parts of Europe at the time of the Roaman Empire
Latin	The language spoken and written by the Romans
Legion	A group of 5000 soldiers
Mosaic	Pictures or patterns made up of many small pieces of coloured stone
Empire	A group of countries led by one leader
Scutum	A Roman soldier's shield
Chariot	A cart with two wheels, pulled by a horse

Caesar



Boudica's invasion

