Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021 to 2022 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

| Detail | Data |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| School name | Westende Junior School |
| Number of pupils in school | 240 |
| Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils | 9% |
| Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended) | 2021/2022 2022/2023 2023/2024 |
| Date this statement was published | November 2022 |
| Date on which it will be reviewed | September 2023 |
| Statement authorised by | Andrea Sykes (Headteacher) |
| Pupil premium lead | Midge Robinson (SENDCo) |
| Governor / Trustee lead | Nicola Tatum (Local Advisor) |

Funding overview

| Detail | Amount |
|--|---------|
| Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year | £18,830 |
| Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year | £3,045 |
| LAC | £7,035 |
| Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable) | £0 |
| Total budget for this academic year If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year | £28,910 |

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

Westende's intention is to provide a safe, secure and positive environment for all children, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face. The focus of our pupil premium strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils to achieve that goal, including progress for those who are already high attainers. We will consider the challenges faced by vulnerable pupils, such as those who have a social worker and young carers. Our values of Respect, Happiness and Resilience will be at the forefront, enabled by Quality First Teaching and the Inclusion of all. Our continually improving classroom pedagogy and high expectations of learning and behaviour will provide targeted support. Quality First Teaching is at the heart of our approach, which focuses on areas where disadvantaged pupils need the most support. At Westende, it is our intention that disadvantaged children will make sustained progress alongside their non-disadvantaged peers.

Our ultimate objectives are

- Raise attainment in Maths and English, closely monitoring our most vulnerable children and closing the disadvantage attainment gap whilst at the same time benefitting all our pupils
- Enable children to develop strategies and skills to manage their social and emotional needs, using recognised diagnostic tests and strategies to improve their outcomes
- Install pride and a sense of belonging in all pupils, removing the social barriers and pressures that society may present them with
- Adopt a whole school approach in which all staff take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve.
- To reduce the number of extended leave absences further through continued close monitoring and action in relation to overall attendance

We aim to do this through

- Quality first teaching to ensure the teaching and learning opportunities meet the need of all the pupils
- Closely monitor the attendance on all pupils, in particular the disadvantaged children
- A whole school focus on Oracy to enrich the vocabulary of all pupils

- A gap analysis of children's reading and phonics skills teamed with a robust phonics programme of support for pupils who need it
- Targeted academic support through small group interventions
- Nurture groups and individual support for children with high levels of anxiety

What are the key principles of your strategy plan?

We ensure that teaching and learning opportunities meet the needs of all the pupils

We ensure targeted academic support for key groups of children to ensure that children make expected progress

We ensure children who need it have access to nurture groups and 'daily check-ins' with a named member of staff

We assess individual needs of all disadvantaged pupils and offer additional support where needed, for example with Equine Assisted Learning

We ensure all disadvantaged children receive pre-teaching in areas of the curriculum where they would benefit from advanced knowledge

Support payments for extra-curricular activities, educational visits, learning of musical instruments and residential trips

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

| Challenge number | Detail of challenge |
|------------------|---|
| 1 | Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils indicate underdeveloped oral language skills and vocabulary gaps among many disadvantaged pupils. These are evident throughout KS2 and in general, are more prevalent among our disadvantaged pupils than their peers |
| 2 | Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils suggest disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties with phonics than their peers. This negatively impacts their development as reader |
| 3 | Internal and external assessments indicate that Writing and Maths attainment among disadvantaged pupils is significantly below that of non-disadvantaged pupils. On entry to Year 3 in the last 4 years, between 90-100% of our disadvantaged pupils arrive below age-related expectations as a combined score for Reading, Writing and Maths compared to 60-70% of other pupils. This gap remains steady to the end of KS2 |
| 4 | Pupils have a range of social and emotional needs and have experienced a range of traumatic experiences, which results in them not having the ability to manage their social and emotional needs. |

| 5 | Missed learning opportunities due to school closures linked to Covid 19 resulting in gaps in poor resilience in learning. |
|---|---|
| 6 | Enrichment opportunities are not often undertaken by many of our families due to the cost |
| 7 | Having to support high level behaviours which have persisted despite provision being in place. |
| | Difficulty in securing support for SEMH needs within school, from local authorities and specialist providers. |
| 8 | Disadvantaged pupils also have SEND needs: 6 x EHCPs for ASD and Complex Needs, 6 x with a SEND support. |

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

| Intended outcome | Success criteria |
|---|---|
| To improve speech and language skills and vocabulary among disadvantaged pupils | Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved oracy among disadvantaged pupils |
| | SALT sessions are planned and delivered by ELKLAN qualified staff within our school |
| | - High-quality and diverse texts are utilised (using Lexile scores) which expose children to a range of vocabulary and experiences which are explored through VIPERS discussions. |
| | Knowledge organisers clearly identify appropriate vocabulary that will be taught explicitly through whole class teaching |
| Improved oral language skills and vocabulary amongst disadvantaged pupils | Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved oral language among disadvantaged pupils. This is evident when triangulated with other sources of evidence, including engagement in lessons, book scrutiny and ongoing formative assessment. |
| | Evidence of high quality Oracy Teaching throughout KS2 |
| Improved reading attainment among disadvantaged pupils. | KS2 reading outcomes in 2024/25 show that more than 50% of disadvantaged pupils met the expected standard. |
| | Ambitious PP target setting to ensure progress rates are maximised. |
| | Evidence of successful interventions demonstrating clear impact on individual's progress. |

| | Effective utilisation of data to target |
|---|---|
| | intervention precisely and with notable impact. |
| | Improvements in Quality First teaching to enhance the opportunities and experiences for all. |
| | Excellent deployment of support staff. |
| Improved attainment in Writing and Maths amongst disadvantaged children | KS2 maths and Writing outcomes in 2024/25 show that more than 60% of disadvantaged pupils met the expected standard |
| | Ambitious PP target setting to ensure progress rates are maximised. |
| | Evidence of successful interventions demonstrating clear impact on individual's progress. |
| | Effective utilisation of data to target intervention precisely and with notable impact. |
| | Improvements in Quality First teaching to enhance the opportunities and experiences for all. |
| | Excellent deployment of support staff. |
| Children feel supported in their emotional well-being for disadvantaged pupils | Pupils will be resilient learners who persevere when they find things challenging. Evidence of Daily Check-ins and weekly |
| | nurture sessions |
| | Pupils will be able to concentrate on their learning and this will be reflected in the progress they make. |
| | Referrals to other agencies result in positive support being provided (JACs) Use of the Boxall Profile |
| Varied and enriching opportunities are offered to PP children who may be disadvantaged in a range of spiritual, moral, social and cultural opportunities. | Analysis of and impact upon individual pupil experiences in and outside of school through discounted and free of charge provisions offered to enrich personal life experiences. |
| | Support for pupils to attend after school clubs and music lessons Support for children to attend enrichment. |
| | Support for children to attend enrichment activities in school |
| Increase parental engagement of PPG children | Parents attend family days and Westende Wonder assemblies |
| | Parents attend SENDCo coffee mornings and other outreach support |
| | Parents attend parents' evenings |

| Regular contact with school for pupil |
|---------------------------------------|
| premium children |

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £4,012

| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Embed the Oracy 21 Initiative across Key Stage 2 through CPD of all teaching staff | speaking and listening activities support the development of pupils language capability and provides a foundation for thinking and capability. Research carried out by the Education Endowment Foundation (EEF) in 2017 made 7 key recommendations for KS2 literacy. The first of which refers to reading and language acquisition. https://tinyurl.com/EEFLiteracyBlog | 1 and 3 |
| PiXL methodology of diagnosis, therapy, testing being used across Years 1-6 | PiXL supports primary schools across the country and the methodology of diagnosis, therapy, testing has had a positive impact across all PiXL schools Sutton Trust found that, 'The effects of high-quality teaching are especially significant for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds over a school year, these pupils gain 1.5 years' worth of learning with very effective teachers Pupils need a sound understanding of number to successfully apply more complicated maths operations. Daniel Willingham (Psychologist at the University of Virginia) states automatic retrieval of maths facts is critical to solving complex problems because complex problems have simpler problems embedded in them) | 3 |
| Phonics training and resources for teaching and Teaching Assistants | EEF research states that phonics has a positive impact overall (+5 months) with very extensive evidence and is an important component in the early development of | 2 and 3 |

| | early reading skills, particularly for children from disadvantaged backgrounds ** Phonics EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) | |
|--|--|------------|
| Continued CPD for teaching staff on Rosenshine's Principals of instruction | Explicit teaching of metacognitive and self-regulatory strategies could therefore encourage such pupils to practise and use these skills more frequently in the future. With explicit teaching and feedback, pupils are more likely to use these strategies independently and habitually, enabling them to manage their own learning and overcome challenges themselves in the future. **Metacognition and self-regulation EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) | 1, 2 and 3 |
| To develop opportunities for oracy across the school through sharing of Picture News | Research has shown that there can be a significant difference in vocabulary of different groups. The Early Catastrophe Paper (Hart and Riseley, 2003) reports: Vocabulary (at age 3) of a child from a disadvantaged family: 500 words Vocabulary (at age 3) of a child from a professional family: 1100 words It is important to develop and increase all pupils vocabularies. Voice 21 project-a campaign to raise the status of oracy in schools across the UK & get talking in class | 1 and 6 |
| To provide CPD in Trauma Support | Early Trauma is shown to have a significant effect on pupil development and life expectations | 4,7 and 8 |

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £11,555

| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Small group pre teaching | Pre-teaching is a strategy that involves teaching students concepts, skills, or vocabulary prior to a lesson so they can hit the ground running. It can provide students with more knowledge and confidence when approaching a new topic. This can help to | 1,2 and 3 |

| Small group targeted | increase engagement and reduce frustration. The idea is to give the student a 'preview' of the lesson that will allow them to put their knowledge to work during the lesson. Some pupils may require additional support | 3 and 5 |
|--|---|------------|
| intervention of reading, writing and maths (PiXL, dyslexia and dyscalculia teaching, Read, Write Inc.) | alongside high-quality teaching in order to make good progress. The evidence indicated that small group and 1:1 interventions can be a powerful tool for supporting these pupils when they are used carefully. These interventions should be targeted at specific pupils using information gathered from assessment *** 2. Targeted academic support EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) | |
| 1:1 targeted work supported by SALT (Speech and Language Therapist) | 'What Works': Interventions for children and young people with speech, language and communication needs-Research Report DFE RR247-BCRP10 | 1, 4 and 5 |
| Spelling Frame | Some disadvantaged children were struggling to learn their weekly spellings. Introducing an online interactive tool for teaching and learning spellings has made learning spellings fun and will remove the barrier to their learning | 2, 3 and 5 |

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £15, 221

| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| To improve a child's cultural capital by funding enrichment activities such as extracurricular activities, learning an | Evidence suggests that cultural capital passed on through families helps children do better in school. The education system values the knowledge and ways of thinking developed by acquiring cultural capital both abstract and formal https://culturallearningalliance.org.uk | 4 and 6 |

| instrument and school trips- | | |
|---|--|---------|
| Daily check ins to identify barriers to learning and weekly nurture sessions with disadvantaged and vulnerable children | Effective Social and Emotional learning can increase positive pupil behaviour, mental health and well-being and academic progress Prioritise social and emotional learning to avoid missed EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) | 4 |
| Funding extra- curricular clubs each term Providing additional swimming sessions for all non-swimmers that have been identified as disadvantaged To fund Equine Assisted Learning for pupils identified as 'double disadvantaged' (JACs) | Physical health has a small positive impact on academic attainment (about 1 month additional progress) as well as massive benefits in terms of health, well-being and physical development. ***Physical activity EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) | 4 and 6 |
| Resilience and perserverance is developed through Growth Mindset | It is based on research (Carol Dweck-Theory of Motivation) that shows that pupils who have a growth mindset – the belief that intelligence is malleable – try harder, persist for longer, seek out feedback and set themselves more challenging goals. | 4 and 7 |
| Invite PPG and SEND parents to coffee mornings and other school events to support with SEND, social and emotional needs | Parental engagement has a positive impact on average of 4 months's additional progress. It is crucial to consider how to engage with all parents to avoid widening attainment gaps. https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/parental-engagement | 8 |

Total budgeted cost: £30,788

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2021 to 2022 academic year.

| Intended outcome | Impact |
|---|---|
| Improved oral language skills and vocabulary amongst disadvantaged pupils | Pupils were able to take part in a variety of op portunities requiring good oracy skills. A raising of self-esteem was monitored and improvement seen in class participation and Nur |
| | ture Groups. |
| Improved reading attainment among disadvan- taged pupils. | KS1 40% KS2 40% National 50% |
| Improved attainment in Maths amongst disad- vantaged children | KS1 20% KS2 40% National 33% |
| Improved attainment in Writing amongst disad- vantaged children | KS1 20% KS2 40% |
| | National 33% |
| Children feel supported in their emotional well- being for disadvantaged pupils | Pupils took part in daily emotional support sessions and Nurture groups. They were given the opportunity to attend a daily breakfast club. Provision of breakfast alongside peers enabled them to start the day nutritionally full and ready to learn. It reduced the number of days lost to dysregulation. |
| Gaps in learning quickly identified, with targeted interventions implemented | Assessment data tracked, extra Pixl and specialist dyslexia classes implemented |
| Varied and enriching opportunities are offered to PP children who may be disadvantaged in a range of spiritual, moral, social and cultural opportunities. | Pupils took part in residential trips and EOTC opportunities. Uniforms were provided including school shoes. They were able to take part in a variety of after-school clubs. |
| | |

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

| Programme | Provider | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Spelling Frame | Spelling Frame | |
| Equine Assisted Learning | JACs | |
| Oracy 21 | Voice 21 | |
| Accelerated Reader | Renaissance | |
| Read Write Inc | Ruth Miskin Training | |
| Nurture Assistant Training | Wokingham Borough Council | |
| PiXL PrimaryWise | PiXL | |
| Power Maths | RM Active | |
| Speech and Language Link | SpeechLink Multimedia Ltd. | |